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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/644,042	08/20/2003	Hiroshi Kajiyama	086142-0577	5088	
22428	7590 09/15/2005		EXAMINER		
FOLEY AND LARDNER			GIBSON, RANDY W		
SUITE 500 3000 K STREET NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	WASHINGTON, DC 20007			2841	

DATE MAILED: 09/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/644,042	KAJIYAMA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Randy W. Gibson	2841				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 1, cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	-; action is non-final.					
,						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 August 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 8/20/03&1/9/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file. However, the first page of JP 2002-240096 is missing.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 11 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Takata Corporation (EP 0990565 A1). See paragraphs 0020 & 0021.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claims 1-3, 7, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Takata Corporation (EP 0990565 A1). See paragraphs 0020 & 0021. It is unclear if the phrase "sensor-side" is intended to mean the part facing the inside or the outside of the seat, or even if it means anything at all. If this limitation is read broadly, then the examiner notes that the connector (25) of the Takata reference is connected on the inside of the seat, and therefore reads on the claims.

In the alternative, if it is determined that this phrase must mean the part of the sensor facing the outside of the seat (since this is the only illustrated embodiment), then it would have been obvious to place the connector for the cable on the side of the sensor facing the outside of the seat, since it has been held that a mere rearrangement of parts which does not change the operation of the device would have been obvious to the ordinary practioner. See *In re Japikse*, 181 F.2d 1019, 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950) (Claims to a hydraulic power press which read on the prior art except with regard to the position of the starting switch were held unpatentable because shifting the position of the starting switch would not have modified the operation of the device.); *In re Kuhle*, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975) (the particular placement of a contact in a conductivity measuring device was held to be an obvious matter of design choice.); and, *MPEP* §§ 2144 & 2145. The examiner also notes that placing the plug on the side of the sensor facing outward would make the plug more accessible to maintenance personnel.

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6. Claims 4, 5, 6, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takata Corporation (EP 0990565 A1) in view of English et al (US # 3,949,822) or Wisniewski (US # 6,669,505). The Takata reference discloses the claimed invention except for the protector for the connector. However, it is well known to place some type of guard over a plug to protect the leads from accidental mechanical damage when the plug is removed, and to protect the plug from accidental damage, as shown by the examples of English et al (Col. 3, lines 51-53) or Wisniewski (Col. 1, lines 22-36; Col. 2, lines 41-60). It would have been obvious for the ordinary practioner to place a protector of some sort over the plug of Takata reference to prevent the plug from being damaged from objects stored under the seat by the vehicle occupants.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Mattes et al state that it is well known to use plug connectors in automotive seats (Col. 1, lines 6-19). Aoki et al show the structure of the sensor mounting identical to the structure disclosed in the present application. The other references show conventional wire harnesses (plugs) in automotive vehicles and state that the reason for using them is to make manufacturing the vehicle less labor intensive.

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8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Randy W. Gibson whose telephone number is (571) 272-2103. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri., 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on (571) 272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Randy W. Gibson Primary Examiner Art Unit 2841